

Virtual Reality Training for Nosocomial Infections Prevention

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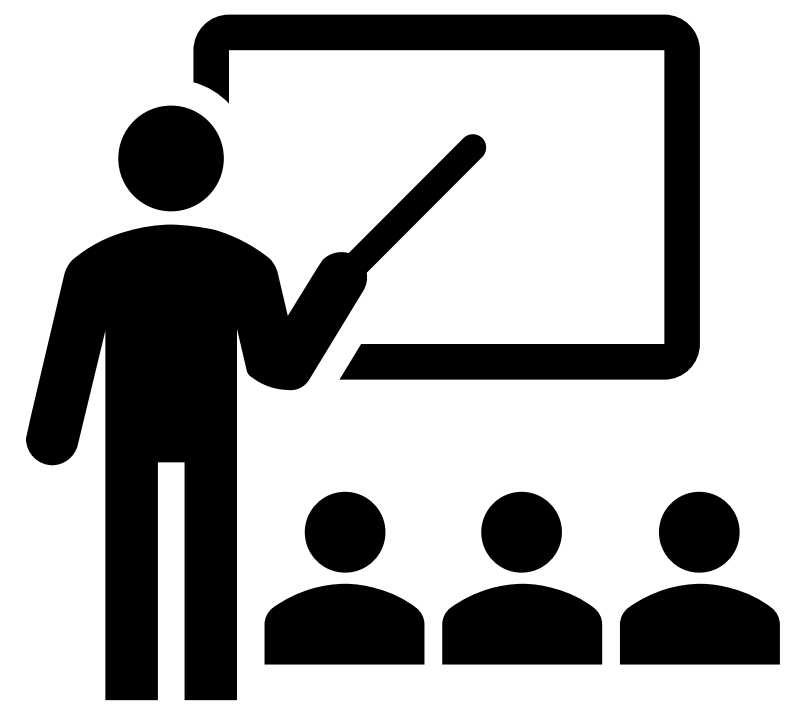
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MOTIVATION



Nosocomial infections
→ public health

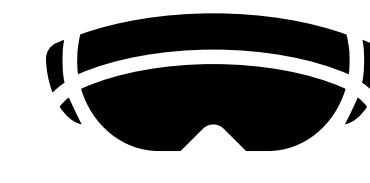


Training on precautionary measures especially PPE → prevention of nosocomial infections

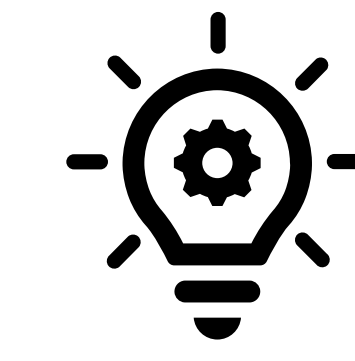


Lecture training
→ interaction, participation ↓

AIMS



Create a VR-based method for PPE training;



Evaluate VR training & traditional lecture-based training.

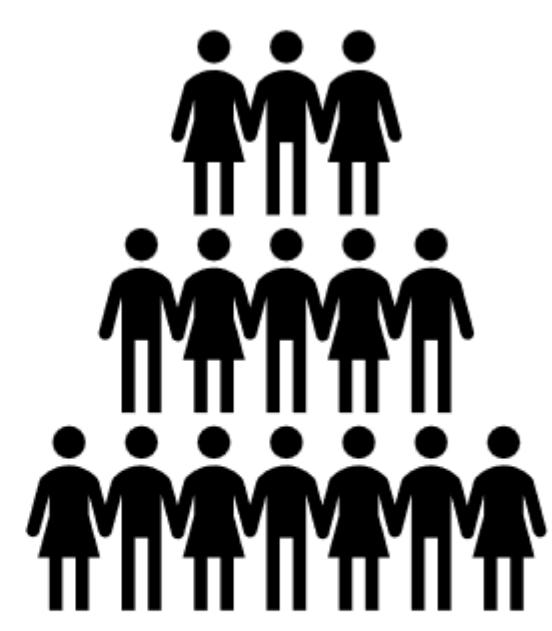
FLOW CHART OF THE RESEARCH



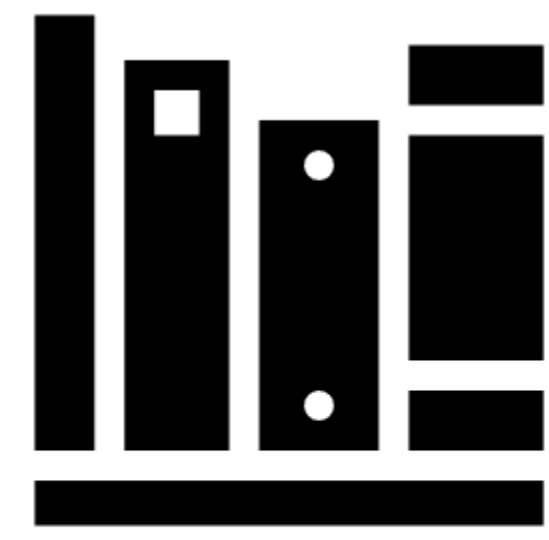
Requirement analysis



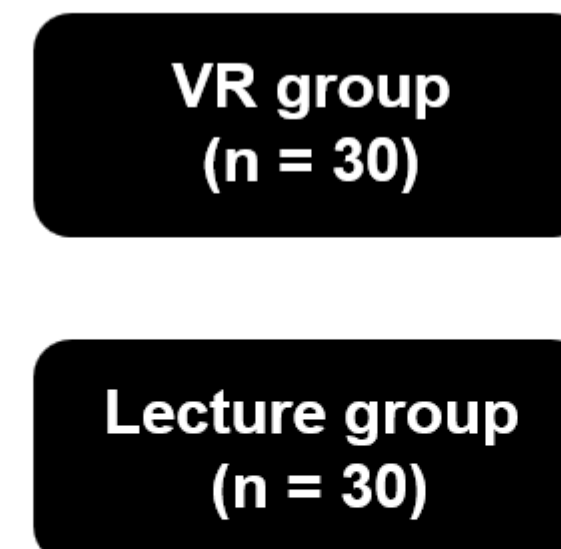
VR prototype design



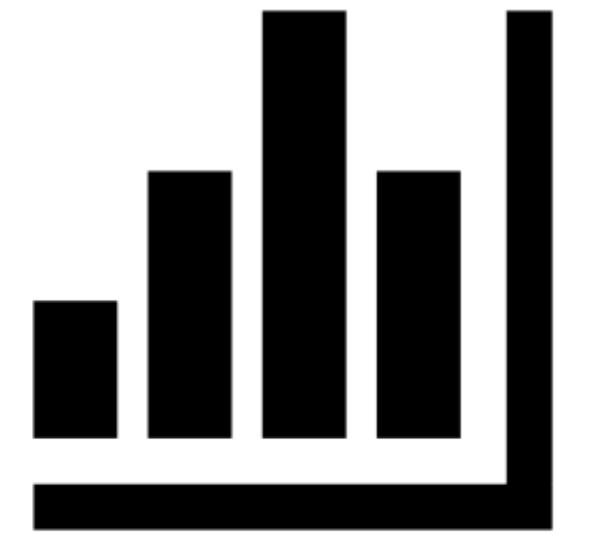
Subjects recruitment



Evaluate the user's visual-spatial ability using VOSP



PPE training for nosocomial infection prevention



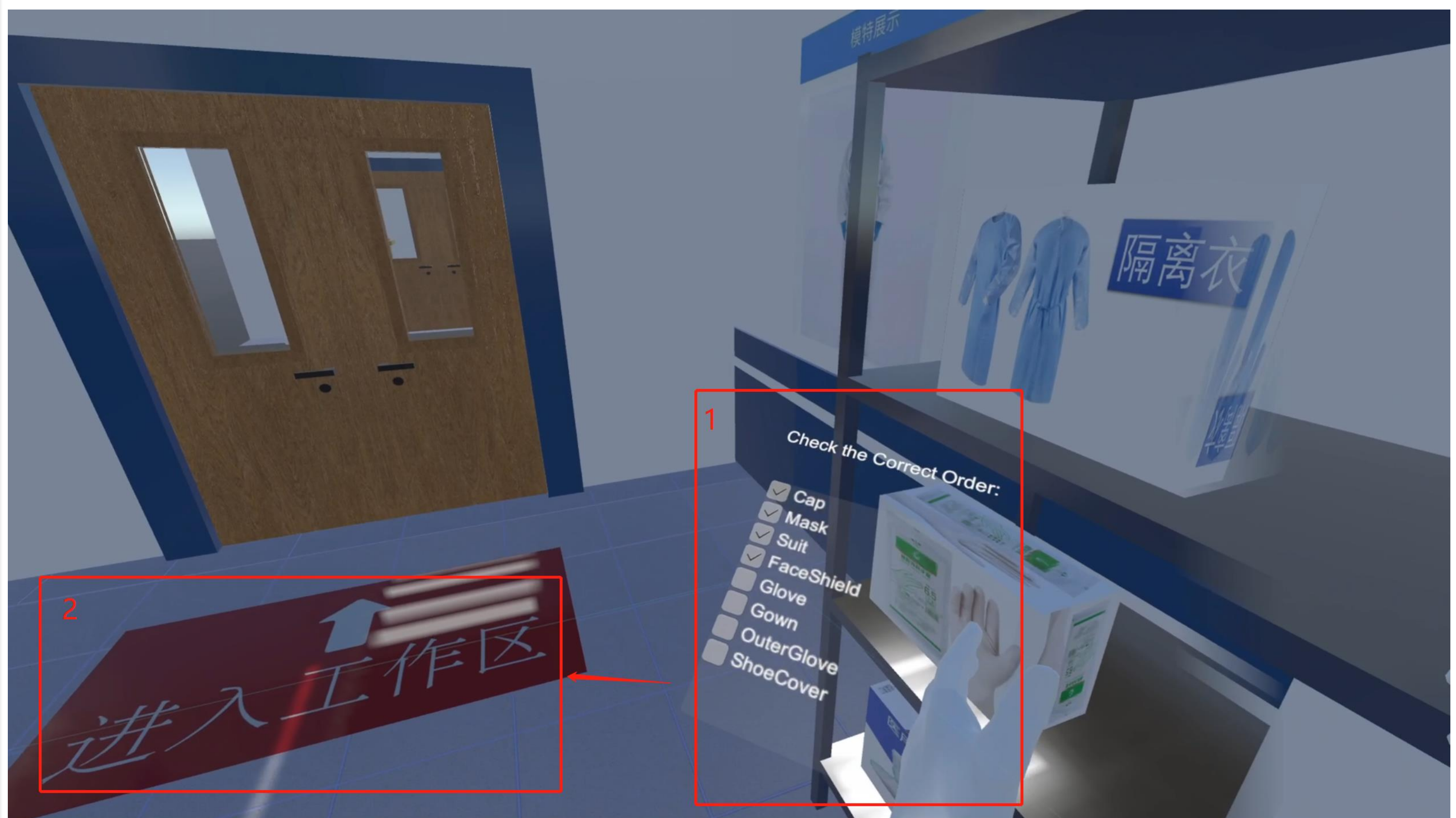
Intra-group and inter-group analysis using OSCE and SUS

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS



- ↗ Two phases: donning & doffing.
- ☑ Strict operation order.
- ⚠ Emergency simulation.

VR PROTOTYPE



PRELIMINARY EXPERT FEEDBACK



Immersion of VR → Increase motivation and engagement → Enhance understanding.



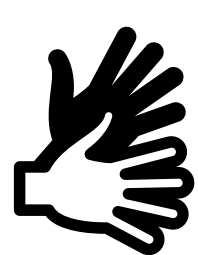
Convenience and safety of VR → Practice repeatedly → Improve memory.

USER STUDY DESIGN

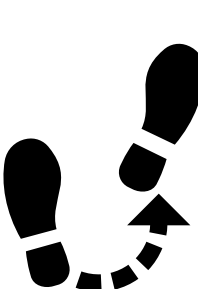
Between-subject design:

- main factor: VR vs. lecture.
- second factor: visual-spatial ability

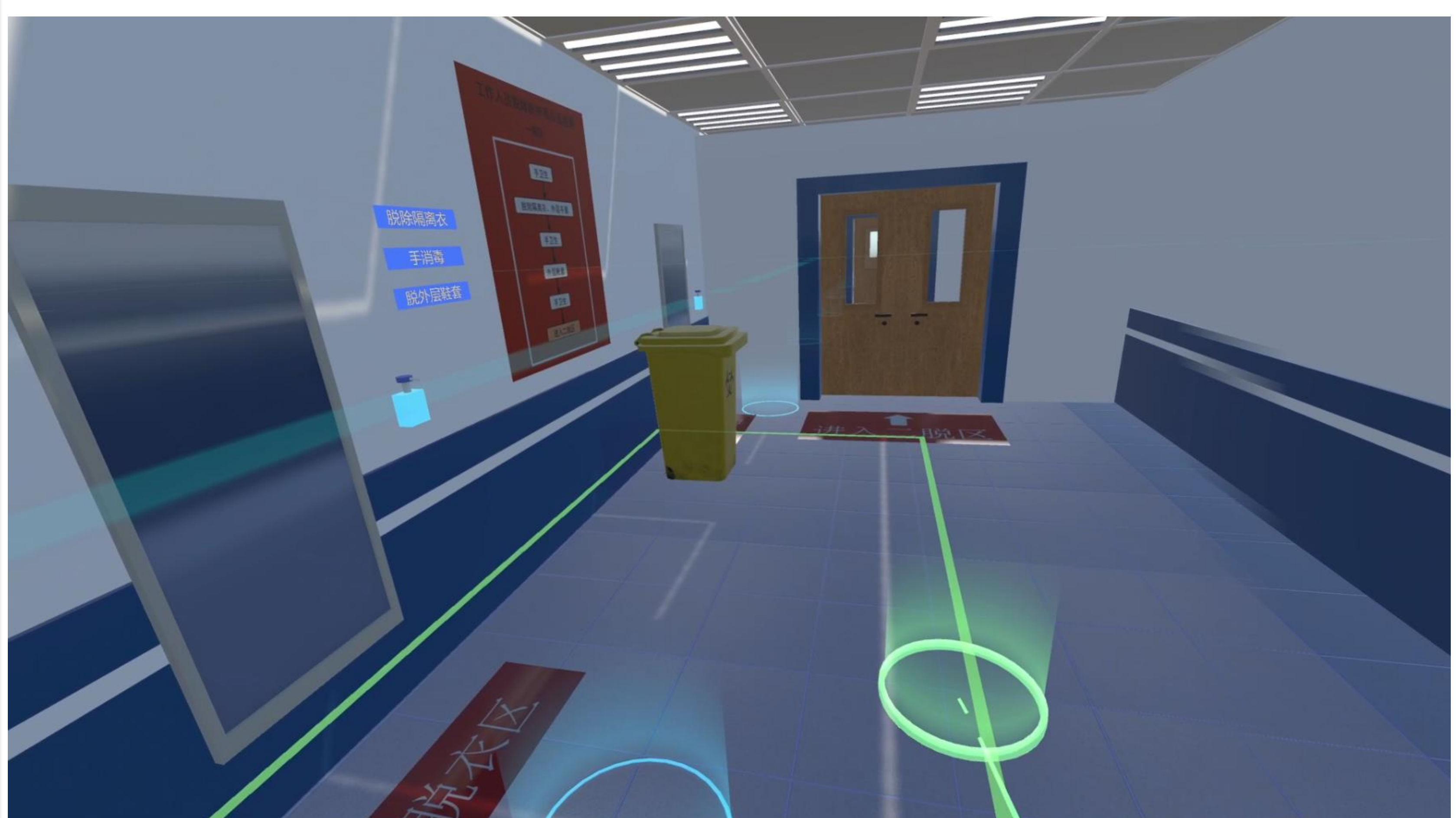
FUTURE WORK



More visualizations and haptic feedback → Support the simulation of emergencies.



Visual analysis of trajectories and eye-tracking data → Understand and utilize behavioral patterns.



A trainee can be allowed to the next phase/zone only when operating procedures are performed in the correct order.



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国家研究院
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF HEALTH
DATA SCIENCE AT PEKING UNIVERSITY



北京大学第三医院
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